DIAION™ HP2MGL

DIAION™ HP2MGL is based on crosslinked methacrylate. It does not contain any aromatic compounds. It is considered an intermediate polarity adsorbent resin. It is recommended for desalting and adsorption of organic compounds of relatively high polarity by using the more hydrophilic character of the polymer matrix.

DIAION™ HP2MGL is characterized by:

- >> Unique chemical property and pore size distribution
- >> High chemical and physical stability >> Excellent batch-to-batch reproducibly
- >> Excellent pressure/flow characteristics >> Wide application

Physical and chemical properties

	DIAION [™] HP2MGL
	Spherical, porous
	Crosslinked polymethacrylate
	Spherical, porous Crosslinked polymethacrylate CH ₃ CH ₃ -CH ₂ -C-CH ₂ -C-CH ₂ - C=O C=O O CH ₂ CH ₃
-	95 min.
g/L	720
%	55 - 65
%	1 max.
mm	0.40 min.
=	1.6 max.
g/mL	1.09
m^2/g	570
mL/g	1.3
Å	240
	% % mm - g/mL m²/g mL/g

Note: properties with a mark "*" are referential data.

Swelling ratio in various solvents

Methanol	1.02
Ethanol	1.05
2-Propanol	1.02
Acetone	1.04
Toluene	1.07
Acetonitrile	1.01
Water	1.00

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Pore size distribution

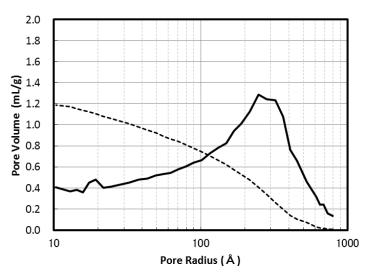


Fig. 1 Pore size distribution of HP2MGL

Recommended Operating Conditions

130	°C	Maximum Operating Temperature
0 - 14		Operating pH Range
800	mm	Minimum Bed Depth
Loading 0.5 - 5	BV/h	Flow rate
Displacement 0.5 - 2	BV/h	
Regeneration 0.5 - 2	BV/h	
Rince 1 - 5	BV/h	
		Regenerant
Organic solvents for hydrophobic compounds		

Bases for acidic compounds

Acids for basic compounds

Buffer solution for pH sensitive compounds

Water for an ionic solution

Hot steam for volatile compounds

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Hydraulic Characteristics

The approximate pressure drop at various temperatures and flow rates for each meter of bed depth of DIAIONTM HP2MGL resin in normal down flow operation is shown in the graph below.

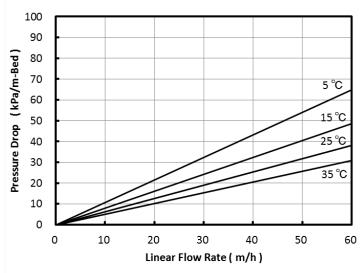


Fig. 2 Pressure Drop of HP2MGL

FDA status

DIAIONTM HP2MGL may be used to process food and beverage products and isolate specialized food additives as intended. Such use may be said to fully comply with the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and applicable food additive regulations, including 21 CFR 177.2470 (Polyester resins, cross-linked).

Applications

- Purification of small peptides, oligonucleotides and proteins
- Adsorption of vitamins, antibiotics, enzymes, steroids and other substance from fermentation solutions
- Decolorization of various sugar solutions
- Adsorption of fatty acids
- Adsorption of various perfume
- Decolorization and purification of various chamicals

Storage condition

Synthetic adsorbents are recommended to store properly in order to avoid a high risk for mold growth. The proper storage typically allows any synthetic adsorbent resin to last for a year after production before onset of any such growth.

The best storage condition is with 20% of alcohol such as ethanol or isopropanol. A 10% or higher concentration of salt solution, such as NaCl, is also recommended to preserve new or used resin for long storage.

In case salt cannot be used, a 0.01 to 0.02 N of NaOH solution could be accepted as mold cannot withstand survival at pH higher than 12.

Storage at freezing temperature should be avoided at all cost as it may cause breakage or crush of resin particles.

Notice

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